



Acts 2:1-13

Tongues – “What does this mean?”

Context

1. Day of Pentecost: _____ days after the Passover
_____ days after Jesus ascension
Shortly after Mathias was chosen to replace Judas
2. “They” (vs 1): Some say the _____ from Acts 1:15 (120 believers)
Others say the _____ from Acts 1:14 (the 11 – No Judas or Mathias)
Most say it was the Apostles from Acts 1:14 _____ Mathias
3. “Sound like the Blowing of a violent wind”: Think BLAST, EXPLOSION, HURRICANE, BLIZZARD
But _____ wind
4. “Filled the House”: It _____ them
It ‘baptized’ them (Mark 1:8, Acts 1:5)
5. Never in the _____ history of God, has the Holy Spirit appeared as a tongue of fire, or has any man whom He filled spoke in ‘tongues’ before this day. This is brand new.
6. The word “tongues” literally means “_____”.
 - a. _____, rhythmic, punctuated, enunciated
 - b. _____ to a people group
 - c. “Own Language” in Acts 2:6 indicates a specific _____

Most of those present reacted appropriately to this display of God’s power. They were amazed and perplexed, and ask the question, “What does this mean?”

1. Two more _____ made by Jesus have been kept.

- a. Matthew 16:18 I will build my _____ ...
- b. John 15:26 The Holy Spirit _____ come
 - i. teaching all things (they need to know to be successful)
 - ii. reminding them of all Jesus said

2. The Holy Spirit did something very special to and for the apostles on this day.

What exactly did He do to the apostles?

- a. This is _____ when the Apostles received the Holy Spirit, that was in John 20:22
- b. This is the first time the Apostles were _____ with the Holy Spirit (Acts 2:4)
- c. This filling of the Holy Spirit was a one of a kind, _____ event, in church history
 - i. Actual languages were spoken by men with no language training (vs 7)
 - ii. The number of languages exceeded the number of people
 - iii. Tongues of fire physically signaled the miracle being done
 - iv. God identified exactly who He was using
- d. The Holy Spirit was in _____ of the languages and the message. (Acts 2:4)

What exactly did he do for the apostles?

- a. He inaugurated the _____ that had been promised.
- b. He identified the _____ of the church by the symbol of the tongue and the miracle of the languages.
- c. He gave the apostles the _____ they needed to lead.
- d. He gave the church a _____ to accomplishing the Great Commission.

3. The church has _____ been started by God.

- a. It now has leadership and membership.
- b. It's connectivity / source of binding together is the _____
 - i. Apostles received Holy Spirit in John 2:4
 - ii. New believers will receive Holy Spirit at Salvation (Acts 2:38)
- c. The CHURCH is _____ an organization of common knowledge, but a common SPIRIT – which is given at salvation.

4. In the very face of God, actually experiencing a miracle manifested by the Holy Spirit, some will still _____ God and his salvation.

Application: Preach the gospel anyway.