Protocol B

- This is the most widely used protocol and is the equivalent of the old protocol 1000. It has been updated according to Andreas Kalcker's research.
- It is a general protocol and useful for most cases.
- Like protocol C, it is used as a basis and is often combined with other more specific protocols to complement each other.

How to do it?

It is more effective to take multiple small doses throughout the day. For better adaptation, doses should be increased progressively:

- First 3 days: 6 activated drops, dissolved in a bottle of 1 to 1.5 litres of water.
- Followed by 4 days: 12 activated drops, dissolved in a bottle of 1 to 1.5 litres of water.
- ➤ The subsequent 7 days: 18 activated drops, dissolved in a bottle of 1 to 1.5 litres of water.
- And another 7 days: 24 activated drops, dissolved in a bottle of 1 to 1.5 litres of water.

Precauciones

- 1. As with any substance, compatibility must ALWAYS be checked beforehand. To find out how our body reacts, always use very low doses, 1 or 2 activated drops dissolved in a 250 ml glass of water.
- 2. The sicker you are, the slower the dose increase. The more toxicity in the body, the slower it would have to be phased out.
- 3. If nausea or discomfort occurs with increasing doses, simply reduce the dose by half, so that you can continue, always avoiding discomfort as much as possible.

Important

- 1. When we speak of a number of "drops", they are always activated drops. The drops are always activated 1:1, i.e. one drop of chlorite for one drop of acid, always in that proportion.
- 2. Once the drops have been activated, the mixture is ALWAYS diluted with water.
- 3. In case of demineralisation, 1/8 of seawater per litre of fresh water can be added to restore the balance.
- 4. It is better to take many small doses rather than a lot at once, so that the chlorine dioxide lasts longer in the body.